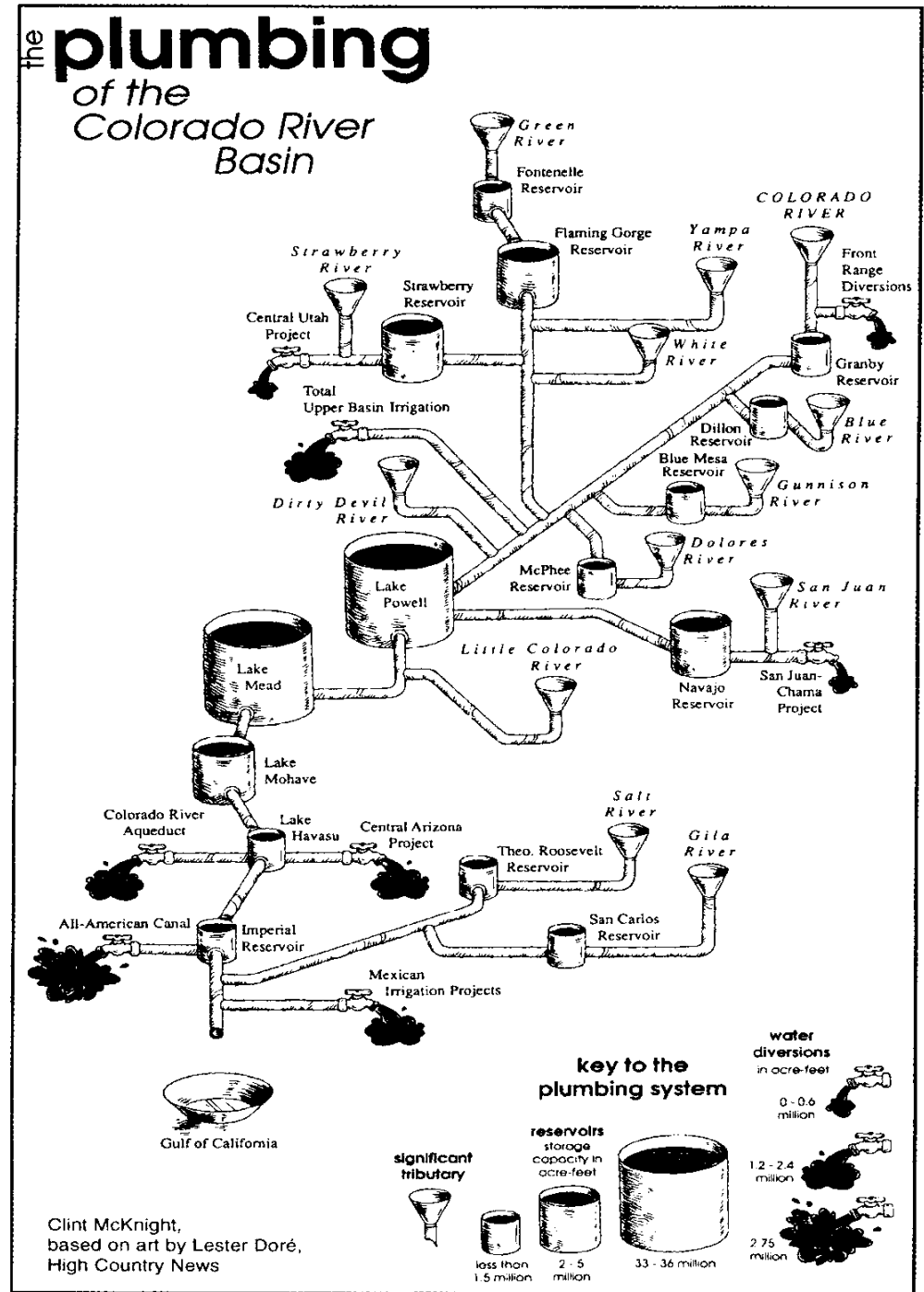
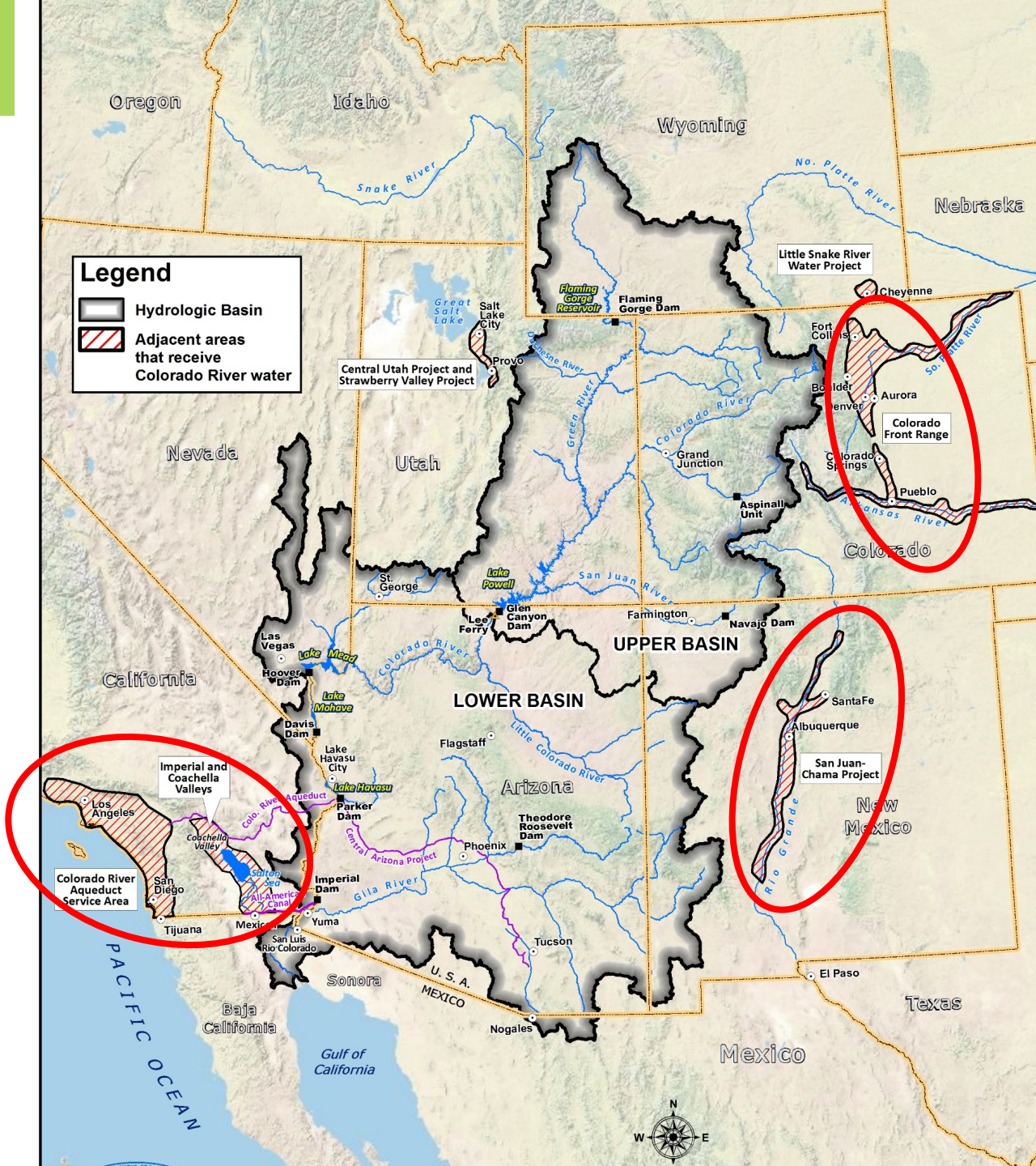


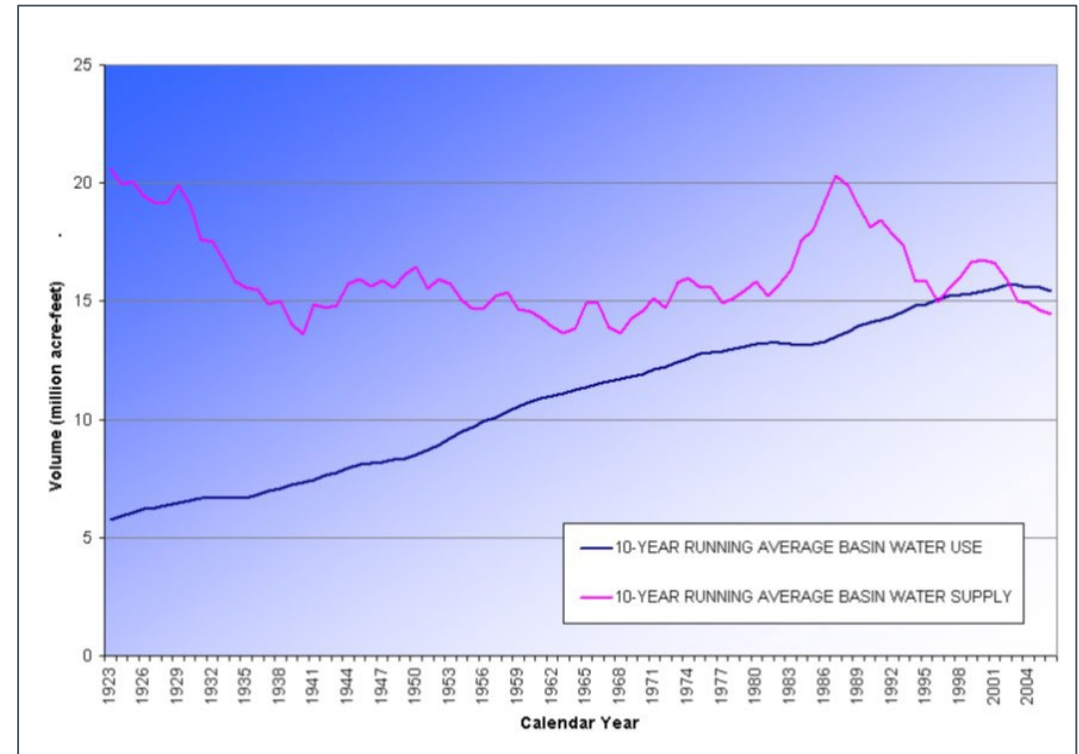
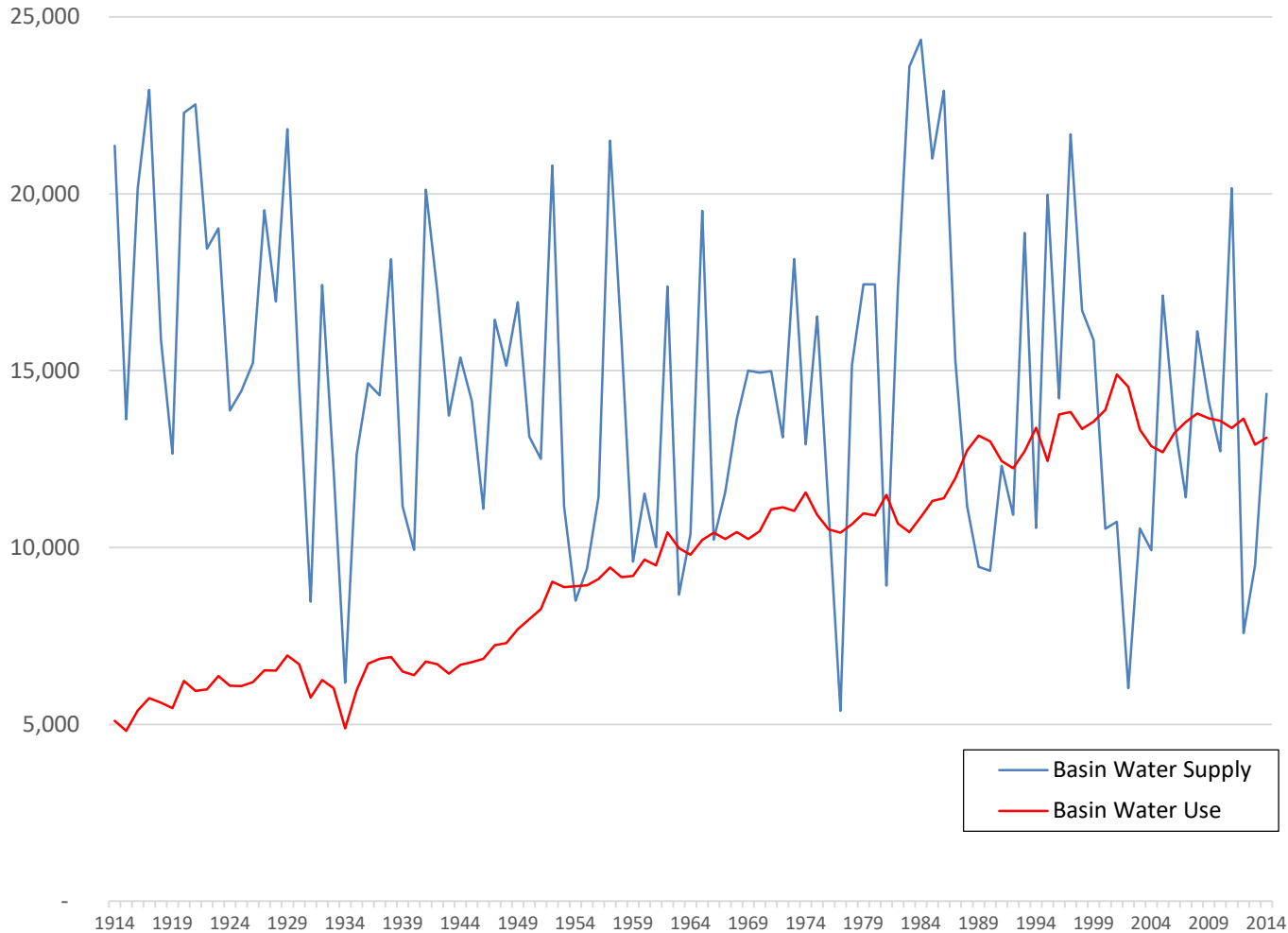


COLORADO RIVER BASIN



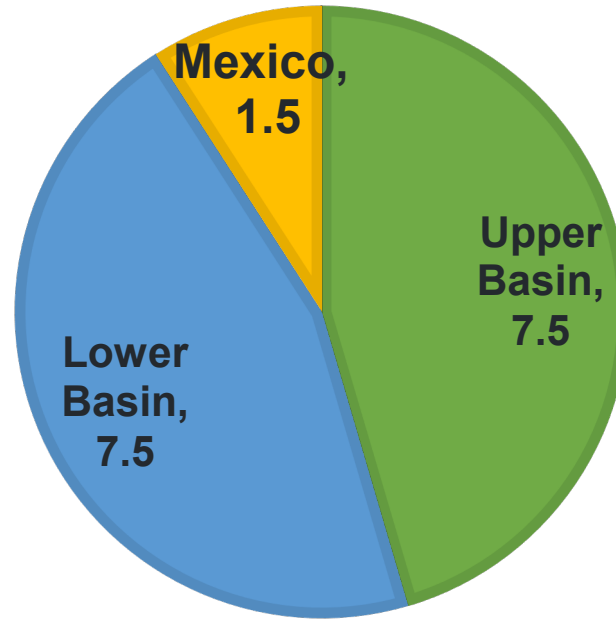


Growing Competition for Colorado River Water Resources

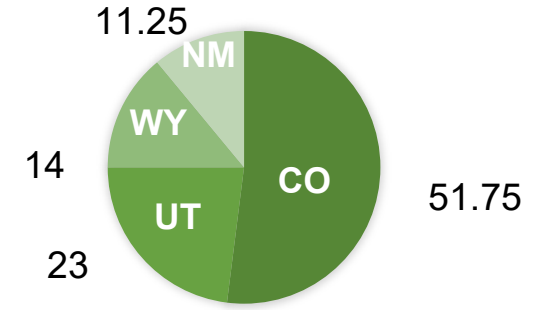




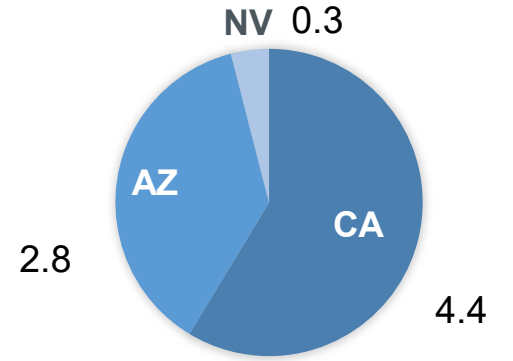
COLORADO RIVER ALLOCATIONS (MAF)



UPPER BASIN - %



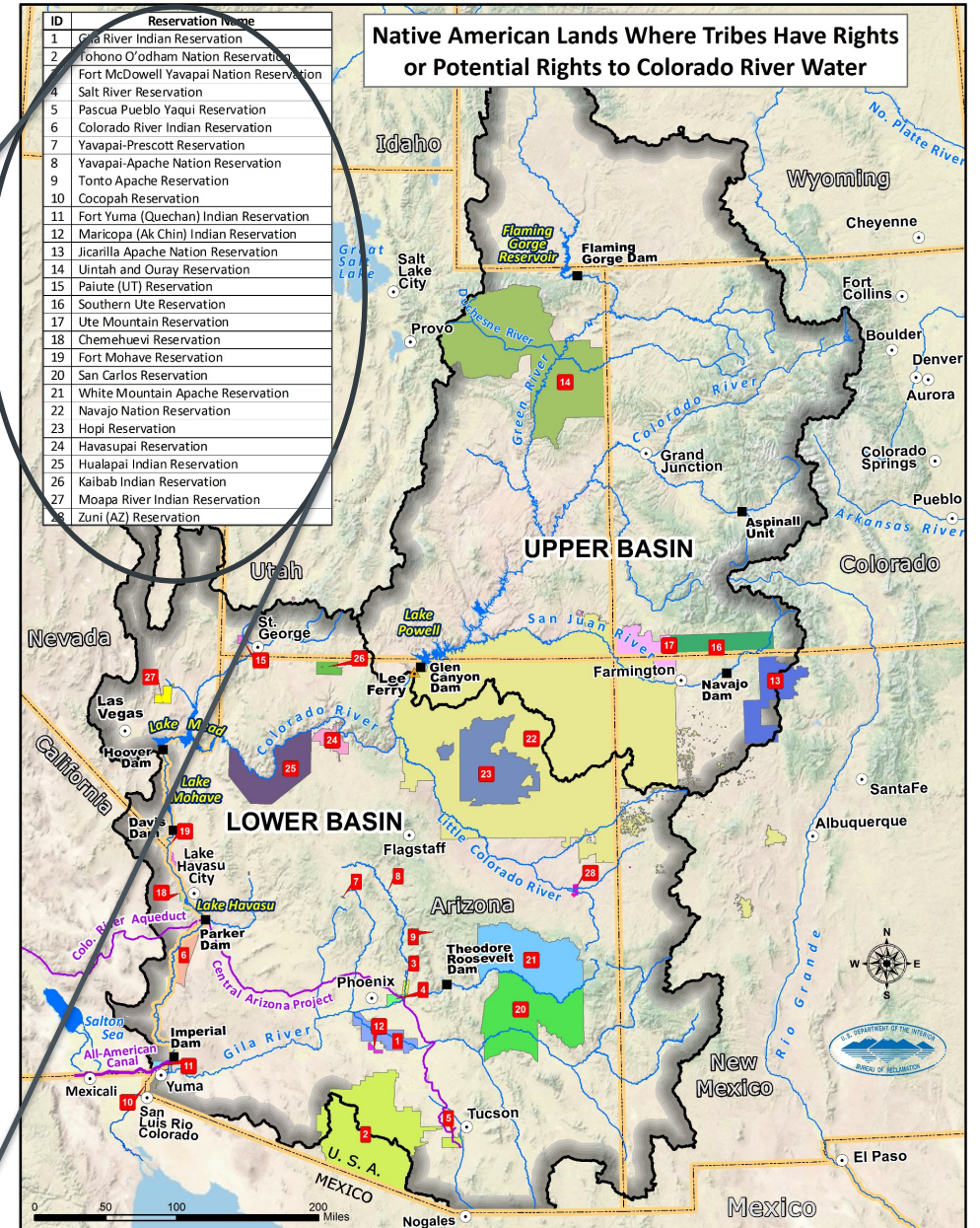
LOWER BASIN - MAF





Colorado River Basin Tribal Reservations

ID	Name	ID	Name
1	Gila River Indian Res.	15	Paiute (UT) Res.
2	Tohono O'odham Nation Res.	16	Southern Ute Res.
3	Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation Res.	17	Ute Mountain Res.
4	Salt River Res.	18	Chemehuevi Res.
5	Pascua Pueblo Yaqui Res.	19	Fort Mohave Res.
6	Colorado River Indian Res.	20	San Carlos Res.
7	Yavapai-Prescott Res.	21	White Mountain Apache Res.
8	Yavapai-Apache Nation Res.	22	Navajo Nation Res.
9	Tonto Apache Res.	23	Hopi Res.
10	Cocopah Res.	24	Havasupai Res.
11	Fort Yuma (Quechan) Indian Res.	25	Hualapai Indian Res.
12	Maricopa (Ak Chin) Indian Res.	26	Kaibab Indian Res.
13	Jicarilla Apache Nation Res.	27	Moapa River Indian Res.
14	Uintah and Ouray Res.	28	Zuni (AZ) Res.



Colorado River Basin States, Water Supplies

Percentage Co
River
(approximate)

AZ – 40%

CA – 10%

NV – 15%

CO – 15%

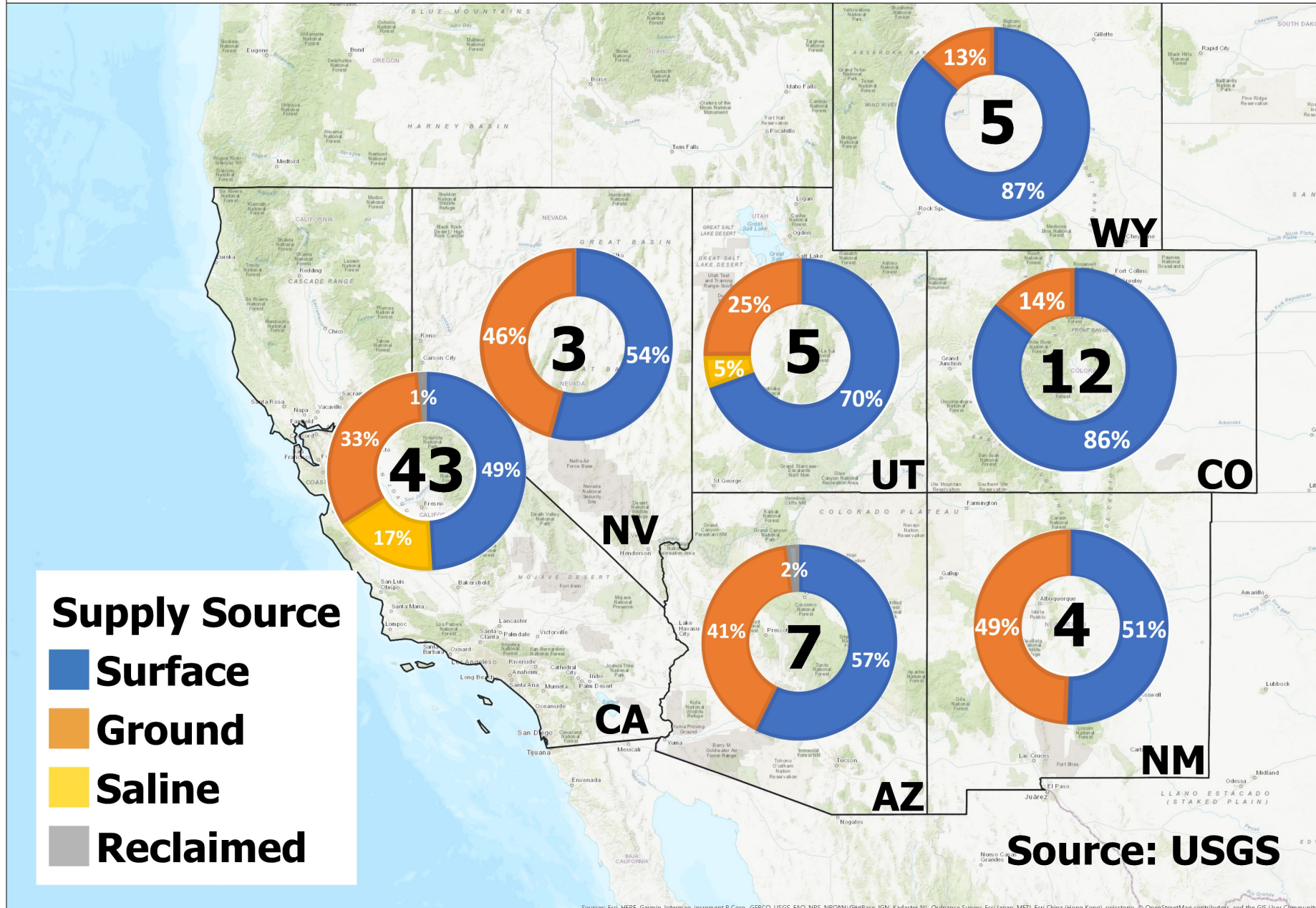
Supply Source

 Surface

 Ground

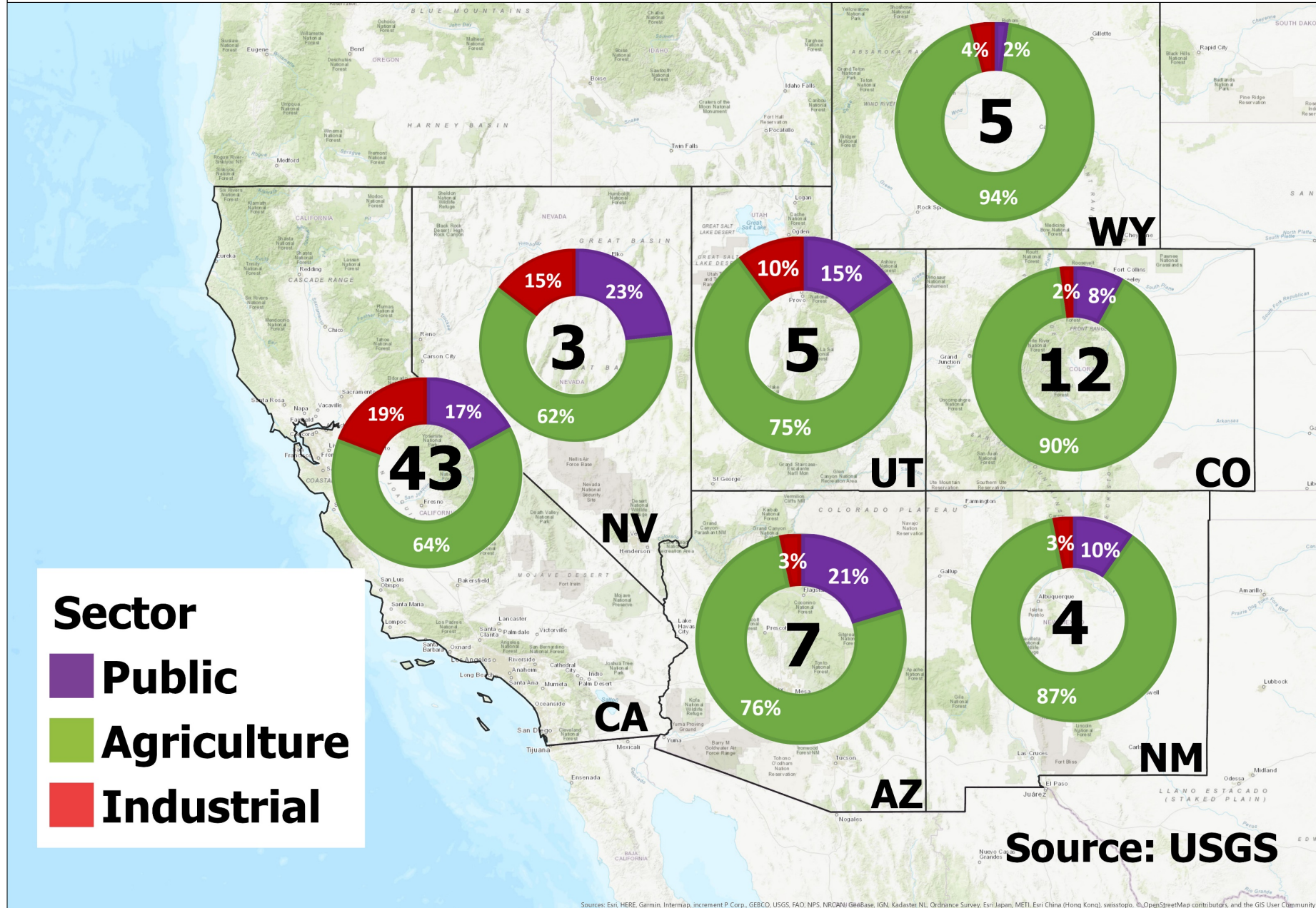
 Saline

 Reclaimed



Source: USGS

Colorado River Basin States, Water Demand

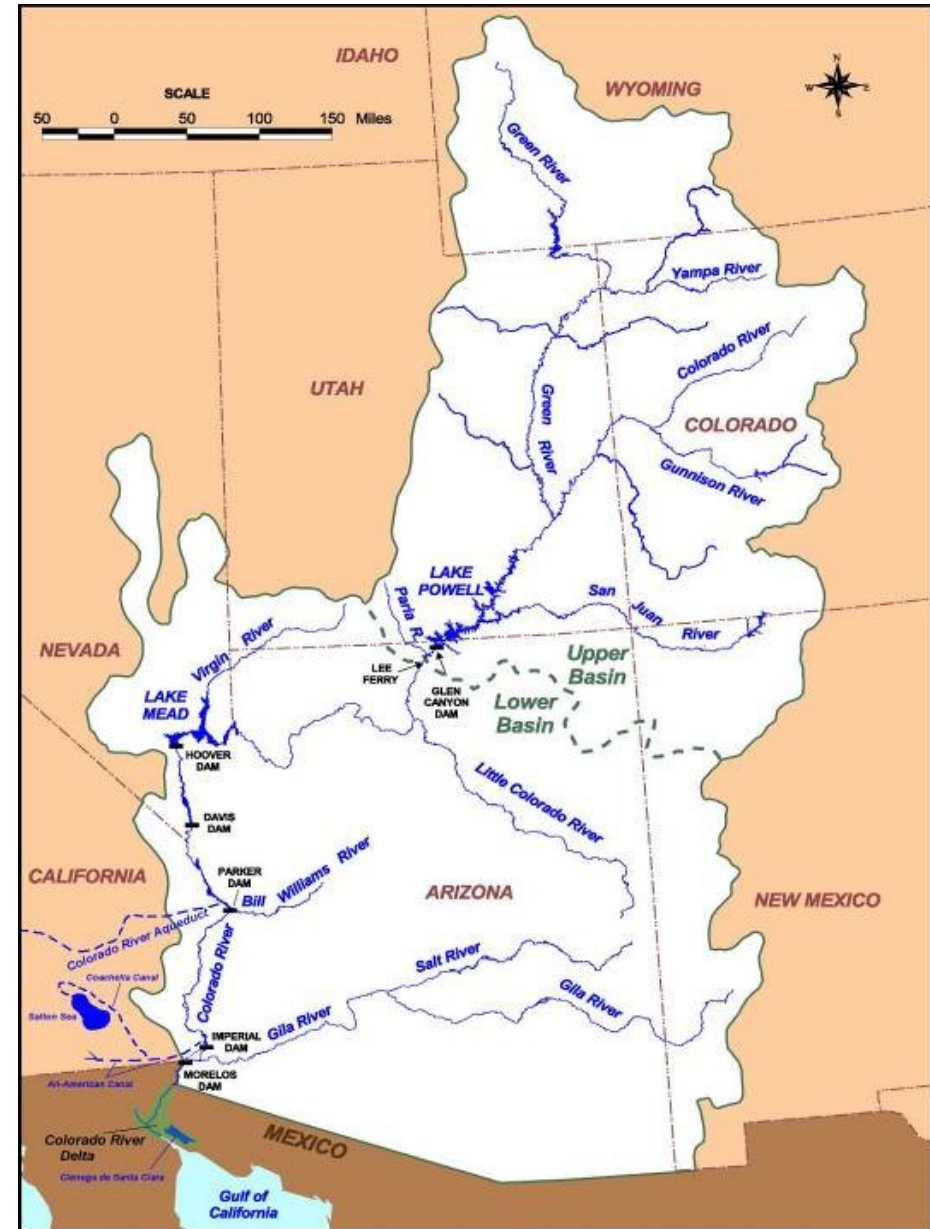




Colorado River Governed by the “Law of the River”

- 1922 – Colorado River Compact
- 1928 – Boulder Canyon Project Act
- 1944 – US/Mexico Treaty
- 1948 – Upper Basin Compact
- 1963 – Arizona v California Decrees
- 1968 – CO River Basin Project Act

In addition to other federal & state laws, regulations, international agreements, court decisions, and contracts.



Cook's Southwest Drought Index

