

CURRICULUM INOVATION AWARDS

Name of the proposers:

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Institution Name, Department(s) or Program(s):
Federal University of Parana, Curitiba, Brazil
Master in Urban Planning
Undergraduate Architecture and Urbanism course

TITLE

POLICIES AND INSTRUMENTS FOR FINANCING URBAN DEVELOPMENT

TOPIC AND SUBTOPICS

The course discusses, in a central manner, concepts and practical of instruments for land value capture, for urban financing purposes. Within this central theme, it is possible to discuss, specifically, the relationship between: land prices and urban development costs; urban regulation and urban structure; infrastructure distribution and peripheralization; urban expansion and infrastructure.

LEARNING GOALS

The course starts from the concept of urban space as a social production, in which different agents participate, and is based on the relevance of the incorporation of these agents in the discussion about planning and management of the city. Associating theory and practice, it intends to capacitate decision makers on public policies, developing the understanding of the articulation between land use management and urbanization financing.

PRIMARY AUDIENCE

- Undergraduate and graduate students of courses related to urban development;
- Public managers, specifically: technicians and advisors of the municipal executive who work in the area of urban planning and management; Councilors and Technicians of the Municipal Legislative Power; servers of decision-making bodies at the strategic level.

PREREQUISITE KNOWLEDGE

- Knowledge about concepts and theories related to the processes of structuring the city;
- Knowledge about instruments for urban land management, used in various locations in Latin America.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF LEARNING OBJECTIVES, MATERIALS, INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS, AND ASSESSMENTS

The main objective of the course is to develop capacities to understand and articulate the concepts of land value capture practice, to finance the urban development. The specific objectives are: i) To deepen the knowledge of researchers and strategic professionals about the theoretical framework related to land value capture; ii) Training for formulation, execution and analysis of public policies that make feasible financing urbanization; iii) Integration between academia and public administration.

Teaching Modules:

Module 1 (3 hours): The property right. Urbanistic laws and territorial control.

Module 2 (3 hours): Urban Financing: The Logic of the Land Value Capture and its instruments.

Module 3 (3 hours): Zoning and urban land regulation.

Module 4 (3 hours): Betterment Contributions.

Module 5 (3 hours): Charge on additional building rights and Transfer of Development Rights.

Module 6 (3 hours): Compulsory subdivision, construction, and utilization of land. Module 7 (3 hours). Exactions.

Module 8 (6 hours): Game time, with different formats (see below).

Module 9 (3 hours): Closure event, open to the general public, with discussion of the course products and learning synthesis.

The **module 8** will comprise one of the following activities, selected according to the predominant public:

a) GIRURBANO: Undergraduate and graduate students

The exercise is a competition, which requires a city tour, using only collective transport and traveling the longest distance as possible, in the class period.

Activities:

- 1) Find in the city the area represented in the study clipping;
- 2) Visit to the place: Each team will have to make a trip around the city, having as destination the study area, using only public transportation. The challenge is to travel as far as possible, paying only one bus ticket;
- 3) Characterize the urban context in which the photo is inserted;
- 4) Identify problems / potentialities in the area, considering the main characteristics of the urban dynamic and its relationship with the generated space;
- 5) To propose interventions for the area, solving identified problems and / or valuing potentialities, using one of the urban planning instruments addressed on in the course;
- 6) Organize a presentation (slides) with the following minimum content: i) urban context of the study clipping; ii) argumentation about the use of urban planning instruments; iii) path covered and photographic record.

b) Urban Solutions Atelier: technicians of the municipal executive

Activities:

- 1. Present general data about place of study:
 - a) Location, population, GDP per capita;
 - b) General situation, constraints and obstacles to urban development;
 - c) Current legislation on land use;
 - d) Photo or satellite image of the locality
- 2. Identify the general context of the case study:

Students should present a problem situation in their locality where one of the instruments discussed in the course could be applied

3. Evaluate possible alternatives:

Consider: What is expected to achieve? What are the obstacles to solving problems? How would the intervention be managed? Which sectors of management would be responsible?

- 4. Select instrument (s)
 - a) Indicate what would be the best solution to the problem;
 - b) Select the appropriate instrument for this. Explain the advantages / disadvantages of the instrument;
 - c) To set up a summary table demonstrating the possible results of the use of the instrument (simulation)

c) Giros: legislators and technicians of the Legislative Power

"GIROS" is a game developed by Martim Smolka and Carlos Morales (LILP), which illustrates the functioning of the land markets, from the simulation of a city on a board, divided into lots.

In the course, it is applied to facilitate the understanding of the logics that govern the land use in the city. The participants are organized in seven teams, which illustrate the social actors who compete for urban land: 1) Traders, 2) Social classes - a) Rich, b) Middle Class and c) Poor -, 3) Speculators, 4) Government and 5) NGOs. Each team starts the game with a certain number of lots and seeks to acquire new areas according to their interests. The objectives of each team will be achieved by conducting real estate transactions between players, simulating a land market.

d) The court: servers of judicial system instances

This activity is a simulated jury, in which the participants assume typical functions of a judicial court, to discuss controversial issues on urban land management.

The subject / defendant to be tried will be selected from lawsuits related to the instruments discussed in the course and presented by the participants, at the beginning of the module. The

class will be divided into 3 teams - prosecution, defense and jury. Course teachers will play the role of judges.

STATEMENT OF HOW COURSE FITS INTO A BROADER PROGRAM OF STUDY (UP TO 500 WORDS)

The main feature of the course is its flexibility; its structure, contents and method were designed in order to facilitate its incorporation into other teaching programs related to urban development. Modules 1, 2, 8 and 9 should always be offered, as they are the structuring axis of the course, making it possible to achieve the objectives. But the offer of the other modules is flexible, occurring according to the specific needs of the target audience, identified at the time of preparing the course.

In addition, although the version presented here is guided to cases of urban planning instruments in Brazil, the course has the potential to be replicated in other regions of the world, considering that the financing of development and social management of land valuation are relevant issues for all cities.

Allied to the flexibility, another characteristic of the course is its formatting, defined from two orientations, developed simultaneously:

- a) Teaching / research: incorporation of students and professors of undergraduate and postgraduate courses related to urban development;
- b) Extension: activities developed jointly between academia and the external community, comprising technicians of the executive branch, servers of the City Council and servers of the judicial system.

In this sense, the structure of the course is based on the inseparability of teaching, research and extension activities, in view of which it articulates the transmission of knowledge about the urbanistic instruments for urban land management; the involvement of the external community in the University, through training in the formulation, execution and analysis of urban policy; and the production of new knowledge from the results of the course.

EXPLANATION OF YOUR INNOVATIVE APPROACH and how it removes barriers to learning and how the goals and topics of the course are aligned with the Institute's key issues

The contents covered in the course refer essentially to mechanisms for the land value capture, so, are related to instruments that contribute to the financing of urban development and are based on the regulation of land use. Such instruments are based on the recognition that construction rights are collective and the valorization resulting from norms or urban interventions produced by the public power must be recovered to the collectivity. In this sense, the thematic content of the course is articulated to the central themes of the Lincoln Institute, especially in relation to the **land value capture**, **informality and urban poverty** and **municipal fiscal health**. In addition to the thematic alignment, it is noteworthy that, specifically in the Brazilian reality, but also in Latin America, despite the legal provision of such instruments, there are several difficulties to implement them, that are related to conceptual understanding issues. Therefore, considering the central objective of the course, to understand and articulate concepts present in the practice of the land value capture, as well as the results found in the evaluations of the participants, it is verified that the course has a potential impact on professionals working in urban policy decision-making.

It stands out also that the course structure allows the approximation between academic research and professional practice, once the knowledge produced and updated on such instruments is applied in the course. The participants, considering their professional experience, contribute to point out specific aspects of the use of the instruments, enabling the production of new knowledge and qualifying the formation of the group. In other words, the course integrates multiple disciplines, connects theory and research to practice, and incorporates insights from practitioners to fill gaps in essential knowledge and skills, as well as inspire new ways of thinking.

The structure of the course is organized in such a way that the learning takes place from creative approaches, which give flexibility to the program of activities. Modules 1, 2, 8 and 9 are mandatory, implying a minimum workload of 15 hours, but the supply of the other modules can be adjusted to specific demands, with the maximum working hours being adapted to these demands. This flexibility facilitates the replication of the course in diverse contexts, corresponding to the universe of the Lincoln Institute's activities.

The presentation of the contents is done through different tools, such as exhibitions, debates and games. The initial presentations focus on conceptual aspects and games allow the recognition, analysis and application of such instruments in a practical simulation. This approach allows the learner to appropriate content through reflection, experience and sharing and encouraging different ways of expressing and demonstrating knowledge. The impacts resulting from the editions already made of the course can be identified both in the production within the academy (research, papers) and in the professional practice, in the formulation and management of public policies.

ACADEMIC YEAR(S) IN WHICH IT WAS OFFERED

All the offers of this course are included in the curricular program of the Architecture and Urbanism course and the Master in Urban Planning of the Federal University of Paraná, corresponding to the following moments and respective public composition:

- First semester of 2014: Graduation students in Architecture and Urbanism and technicians of the executive of municipalities of the Metropolitan Region of Curitiba / Brazil;
- Second half of 2015: technical and legal advisors of the Belo Horizonte City Hall / Brazil and academics involved in research and teaching related to urban management;
- First and second semester of 2016 and second semester of 2017: undergraduate and graduate students and technicians of the executive of municipalities of the Metropolitan Region of Curitiba / Brazil;
- Second half of 2018: advisors of the City Council of Curitiba / Brazil and graduate students;
- Second semester of 2018: graduate students and servers of the judicial system of Paraná / Brazil. In a complementary way, the *Girurbano* activity has also been applied for the students of the Course of Architecture and Urbanism / Federal University of Paraná, in the Disciplines Urban Planning and Urban Design, since 2012.

COURSE DELIVERABLES

LEARNING GOALS

The course aims to develop capacities for understanding and articulating the concepts present in the practice of land value capture, to finance urban development.

Associated with this goal, it is intended:

- i) To deepen the knowledge of researchers and strategic professionals about the theoretical framework related to land value capture;
- ii) To train agents for the formulation, execution and analysis of public policies that make feasible the financing of urbanization;
- iii) To establish a closer relationship between academia and public administration.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

MODULE		LEARNING OBJECTIVES	
			WORKLOAD
1	Property rights	Understanding the relationship between property right	3h
	Town planning laws and territorial control	and the rights and obligations of the landowner	
		Understanding the effects of regulation on the urban	
		land control and management	
2	Urban financing: the	Understanding the functioning of the land market and	3h
	logic of the land value capture and its	the formation of real estate prices in the city	
	instruments	Understanding the concept of urban land value and	
		agents of appropriation	
		Understanding the concepts that underlie the	
		formulation of land value capture instruments	
3	Zoning and land use	Understanding the component elements of an urban	3h
	regulation	zoning and its impacts on the urban structure	
4	Betterment	Recognize the structuring concepts of tribute and	3h
	contribution	requirements for its use	
5	Charge on additional	Recognize how the instruments regulate the right to	3h
	building rights and Transfer of	build and its importance in urban land management	
	Development Rights	Identify the formatting and application of the	
		instruments	
6	Compulsory subdivision,	Recognize the potential of the instrument to induce	3h
	construction, and	urban occupation;	
	utilization of land		
		Identify format and stages of application of instruments	
7	Exactions	Understanding the concept of exactions, the principles	3h
		that justify their collection and methods of collection	
8	Game time	Develop proposing capacity in the face of problem situations	6h
9	Closure event	Develop visual and oral communication	3h
		Develop synthesis capacity	
		TOTAL WORKLOAD	30 hours

INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS

TOOL	GOALS	CONTRIBUTION FOR KNOWLEDGE ACQUISITION
Expository	To present theoretical	It presents and clarifies the theoretical foundations
lectures	concepts	related to land management instruments
Girurbano	To deepen the	From the recognition in the territory of the concrete
	understanding of the	results of the logic of the city production, students
	processes and agents that	identify contexts to be faced by urban politics and its
	shape the urban structure	instruments
Urban Solutions	To recognize a problem	The activity allows the student to go beyond the phase
Lab	situation, identifying	of problem identification, being encouraged to seek
	alternatives to its solution	tools that build alternatives to solve situations of their
	and the appropriate	urban everyday
	instruments to do that	
Giros	To recognize the systemic	From the simulation of a land market, students can
	interdependence of urban	recognize the factors that determine the price of land,
	agents and the	the effects of urban regulation and the different
	consequences of their	instruments of land management in the conformation
	decisions on shaping the	of the city
	urban structure	
The Court	To discuss controversial	The construction of arguments to defend or refute the
	issues involving the	application of urbanistic tools, allows students to
	application of urban	consolidate theoretical foundations and requires
	planning instruments	critical positioning
Closure Event	To promote learning	The oral presentation of the results requires the ability
	exchange	to synthesize and content domain in order to ensure
	To disseminate academic	apprehension by the public, especially if there are out-
	knowledge to the general	of-course assistants
	public	

ASSESSMENT

TOOL	KNOWLEDGE GOAL	ASSESSMENT CRITERIA		
GIRURBANO				
Characterization	Identify relationship between: urban regulation / urban structure /	Objectivity of the relationship between photo and area contextualization		
of the urban context in	densification; infrastructure / peripheries;			
which a photo is inserted	cost of land / urban infrastructure / expansion.			
Path	 Know the different areas of the city and identify the aspects that mark these differences Recognize the city from the point of view of collective transport 	- Distance traveled - Selection of the route shown by map		
Identification of problems / potentials	 Perceive the relationship between the interests of the city agents and specific spaces Develop analysis capacity 	Degree of relationship between problems / potentialities identified and their causes		
Intervention proposals	- Develop capacity of proposal and select solutions	Grade of relationship between problem / potential and intervention alternatives		
Indication of instruments to	Recognize concepts and functioning of urban management tools	- Degree of relationship between instrument and urban context identified -Proper use of the instrument		

dool with the		
deal with the urban context		
Presentation	Dovolon canacity for synthesis	Quality of the material produced (design
(Slides)	Develop capacity for synthesisDevelop visual and oral communication	- Quality of the material produced (design, quantity, content)
(Silues)	- Develop visual and oral communication	-Objectivity in the presentation (content X
		time spent)
URBAN SOLUTION	IS I AR	time spenty
Research about	Recognize urban context of study	Objectivity and consistency of the data
the municipality	necognize arban context or study	collected
Identification of	Understand the relationship between	- Level of analysis of the general context
problem	general context of the municipality and	of the case
	the problem situation (causes and	- Adequacy of the causes and
	consequences)	consequences pointed out with the
		identified problem situation
Recognition of	- Recognize components of a problem	Degree of relationship between the
possible	situation	problem and possible solution alternatives
alternatives	- Developing proposal capacity	
Instrument	- Identify relationship between problem	- Degree of effectiveness of the
selection	and tools for solution	instrument to respond to the identified
	- Recognize the process of using the	problem
	instrument (steps, agents, parameters	- Proper use of instrument
CIRCS	required)	
GIROS	To be a visited way the	Team score obtained from the
Assignment of secret	To know, in a simplified way, the interests of each urban agent	
objectives to	interests of each urban agent	accomplishment of the secret objectives
each team		
Simulation of a	- Recognize how urban regulation can	- Negotiations conducted/ ability to
traditional land	interfere in the conformation of the city	recognize strategies to achieve the
market and a	- Develop the capacity to recognize	objectives of the team
regulated land	interdependencies between urban	- Team score obtained from the
market	agents	accomplishment of the secret objectives
	- Understand the effects of different	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	land policy instruments	
Debate	-Develop the ability to synthesize and	- Degree of use of theoretical concepts in
	communicate the most relevant	team plays
	theoretical concepts related to the	
	activity	
	- Degree of use of theoretical concepts	
	in the decisions of team plays	
THE COURT		T =
Team	- Recognize the components of the case	Degree of relationship between the
Discussion	/ defendant	argumentation and the instruments
	- Recognize the relation between the	studied
Argumont	case and the instruments studied	Argumontativo quality
Argument structuring	Facilitate the appropriation of the theoretical foundations of	Argumentative quality
3ti uctui ilig	the instruments	
General debate	Recognize different perspectives of	- Degree of conceptual mastery
General debate	analysis for a case study, confronting	- Quality and adequacy of the arguments
	arguments favorable and contrary	presented
AUTO ASSESSMEN		1 1
	- Developing assessment skills	- Number of notes that contribute to the
Completing the	- Develop capacity for self-evaluation	restructuring of researches and practices
online		- Number of subjects that need new
questionnaire		research and / or practices

	- Identify elements of measurement of the impact of the course for professional practice	- Number of suggestions that can contribute to restructure new editions of the course
CLOSURE EVENT		
Final Seminar	- Disseminate knowledge - Open space for participation of the general public	Feedback from the public Number of participants

MATERIALS

READINGS

- FURTADO, F.; BIASOTTO, R.; MALERONKA, C. Caderno Técnico de Regulamentação e Implementação da Outorga Onerosa do Direito de Construir. Disponível em: http://www.capacidades.gov.br/biblioteca/detalhar/id/267/titulo/outorga-onerosa-do-direito-de-construir
- DENALDI, Rosana; CAVALCANTI, Carolina Baima e SOUZA, Claudia, Org. Parcelamento, Edificação ou Utilização Compulsórios e IPTU progressivo no tempo: Caderno Técnico de regulamentação e Implementação. Brasília: Ministério das Cidades, 2015. Disponível em: http://www.capacidades.gov.br/biblioteca/detalhar/id/312/titulo/parcelamento-edificacao-ou-utilizacao-compulsorios-peuc-e-iptu-progressivo-no-tempo
- TELLA, Guillermo. *Los orígenes del Zoning*. In: http://www.plataformaurbana.cl/archive/2012/08/29/los-origenes-del-zoning/

http://www.plataformaurbana.cl/archive/2012/08/29/los-origenes-del-zoning/ Acesso em 20/03/2017

- SMOLKA, Martim. Recuperação de Mais-Valias Fundiárias na América Latina: Políticas e Instrumentos para o Desenvolvimento Urbano. Lincoln Institute of Land Policy, setembro 2014. Disponível em: http://www.lincolninst.edu/pubs/2489 Recupera%C3%A7%C3%A3ode Mais-Valias-Fundi%C3%A1rias-na-Am%C3%A9rica-Latina
- FURTADO, F. SMOLKA, M. (org) *Instrumentos notáveis de intervenção urbana*. Disponível em: http://www.lincolninst.edu/pubs/2414 Instrumentos-notables-de-pol%C3%ADticas-de-suelo-en-Am%C3%A9rica-Latina

VIDEOS

Propriedade Urbana: dos Direitos de Construir e da sua Outorga Onerosa (vídeo): https://www.lincolninst.edu/publications/multimedia/propriedade-urbana

Série Instrumentos de Política Urbana

(vídeos): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ua49aKdz-pQ&list=PL9LNk8SU8LHsf3JQF_HJ-C6A0iz-vrx1j

Série Desafios Urbanos

(vídeos): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YV6QxZWNv5g&list=PL9LNk8SU8LHsPFbBFD0III MTNmvHAws

Série Tutoriais sobre Políticas de Solo Urbano

(vídeos): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2zyrcxWEEgw&list=PL9LNk8SU8LHt9qBGaLfBO 5tsjs-fVALz3





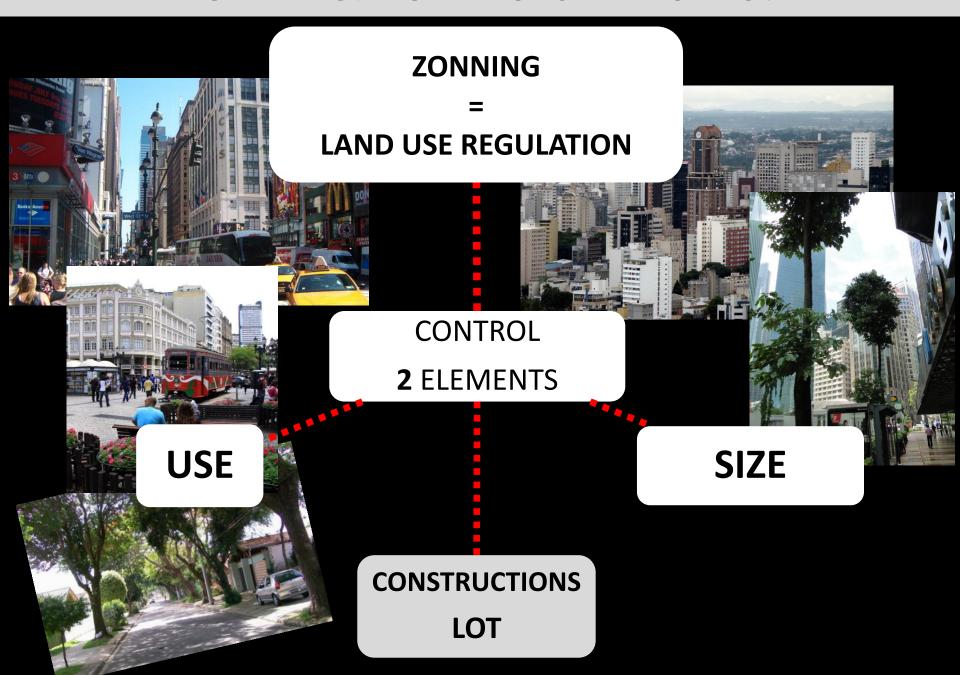






EXPOSITORY LECTURE MODULES EXAMPLE

ZONNING: HOW DOES IT WORKS?





Why are they better?

What improvements would be if the earth is empty??

Who pays for the improvements?

How much are the improvements worth?

ZONNING: HOW DOES IT AFFECT US?

WHICH LAND WOULD BE BETTER BUSINESS?

Curitiba- Bairro Portão

Flat ground with 412 mts2 (12.50 X 32.96)
Residencial Zone. Excellent location, close to market, bakery and schools. Close to access roads. Close to shopping center.



Curitiba - Butiatuvinha

Flat ground all walled on the sides and back.
Tested of 20 meters, in a total of 626m2, in the region. Environmental protection area-Passauna.



HOW WILL THIS LAND BE OCCUPIED?



RESIDENTIAL BUILDING?

COMERCIAL BUILDING?

UNIFAMILIARY RESIDENCE?

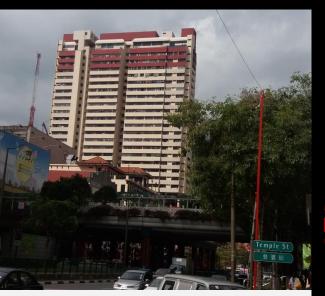
CONSOLIDATED AREAS = MAINTAIN STANDARD
OCCUPATION / GUARANTEE PROJECTED EMPLOYMENT



NEW AREAS = CREATE STANDARD OCCUPATION THAT ENSURES MAXIMUM PROFIT / START NEW PREFERENCE CYCLE CENTRAL
DISPUTE
IN ZONING

DAY CHALLENGE

ZONING IS AN INSTRUMENT TO REGULATE URBAN OCCUPATION, SO



Affordable housing- Cingapura

HOW TO
USE
ZONING
TO BUILD
A MORE
INCLUSIVE
CITY?





Urban Library- Medellin



GAME TIME

1. GIRURBANO

The exercise consists of a competition, which requires a tour of the city, using only collective transport, with the challenge of traveling the longest distance as possible, in the period of the class

1.

Find in the city the area represented in the study clipping

2.

Visit to the place: meet the challenge = longer distance

3.

Identify the urban context in which the photo is inserted

4.

Identify problems / potentialities in the area

5.

Propose interventions for the area, using planning instruments the course

6.

Presentation (slides) Awards







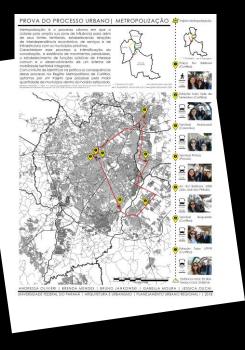
















Ana Mirena Nick Neves Gabriela Koentopp Jessica Yoko Tanaka Novaes Lara Seleme Modro Maria Augusta Kroetz do Amaral Marjory Nascimento Vargas

_periferização

"Concebe-se periferização como sendo um conjunto de acões de produção das periferias urbanas, cuias espacia Contrade-les prienticação como sendo inicio reprincipante de participante de la comparada de realidades por caracterizadas por preceivadades sociados confirmas, se comparadas ás realidades producimentes em que dias estáb insendas. O aspecto mais relevante para conceitua periferias é a distância, não uma distância fisica, relativa à a sia localização no bedo úrbano, mais a distância a condicioandimica que a distância no contexto un-

RITTER, Carlos. Os processos de periferização, desperiferização e reperiferização e as transformações so-cioespaciais no agiomerado metropolitano de Curitiba. Tese apresentada ao Programa de PõsGraduação em Geográfa, L

O que define a periferia para a equipe?

A falta de anesso à moradia dinna - que é, além de unidade habitacional em si, o acesso à infraestrutura, eru ina-A talla de abusso d'informate digna - que v, alem da diredade institucionale mentos e serviços unbances. A localização geográfica não é um fator detem ou seja, ela não necessariamente está distante do centro.

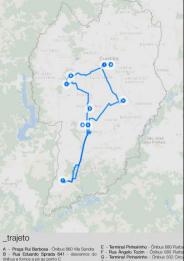
Para efeitos da prova do processo urbano, realizada nesta atividade, identificou-se os elementos de infraestrutura urbana necessárice para a configuração de um espaço não partierido nas cidades. Sendo eleis: sanamenento bésico (água, esgoto e residuos sididos), dienagem, pavimentação e acessibilidades das vias e passeisos; iumina-ção pública, impieza e conservação dos espaços públicos e padrão esparo de construção nos espaços edificados. Além de acesso a equipamentos urbanos de saúde, educação, lazer e transporte.





pergunta uais são as caract





ónibus e fornos a pe ao portro C. C - Rua Renato Polati 2 - Ónibus 828 Campo H - Terminal Hauer - Ónibus 500 Ligeirão

Comprido/ Capito Risso
D - Terminal Capito Risso - Ónibus 603 Pinheirinho
1 - Praça Carlos Gomes - 2 passagens, 54 k

COMO O PROCESSO DE METROPOLIZAÇÃO É EVIDENCIADO PELA PRESENCA DE ÁREAS CONURBADAS?





6. DIVISA CURITIBA - ARAUGÁRIA

PROVA DO PROCESSO URBANO ALESSANDRA MEL ANDRESSA DA ROSA FELIPE TIBES | JULIANA SHI | LORENA PERALTA



Dul'arte à historia de formação de clorado; transporte público foi de grande importância no acesso de novas áreas de Curitiba. Realizando conexões do centro com outras regides, o fransporte coletivo, é muitas vezes, fator definidor da localização dos sub-centros: as limhas de ônibus, em teoria, devem atender os arradores além de serem bem conectadas

O numero de linhas de transporte caracterizam

ade e a facididade de mobilidade também são

cidade e a facicidade ou modificación cambien seo del decembración de la composición de la composición de facilitación de la composición de la composición de se del cidade, e uma distancia significativa: Santa Felicidade - «Borm — Santa Felicidade - «Borm — Postato - 7/8 km — Hauser - 7/8 km — Hauser - 1/8 km —

- Postão - 778 km

- Postão - 778 km

- Postão - 778 km

- Durante a visita de carego, a locorroção para os 4

Durante a visita de carego, a locorroção para os 4

Durante a visita de carego, a locorroção para os 4

Durante a visita de carego, a locorroção para os 4

Concelhos de carego - Concelhos e para de carego - Concelhos carego - Concelhos de como - Concelhos de carego - Concelhos de Concelhos - Concelhos de Concelhos - Concelhos

Portanto, apesar de guantitativamente, o número de Inhas ser um fator significativo para o tramento de linhas ser um fator significativo para o tramento do terminal do sub-centro e certamente para a acessibilidade desse, a conectividade das linhas em rolação a cidade talvez determine melho a subcentralidade de uma região.

PUR I Prova de Processo Urbano SUBCENTRALIDADE





MARINA BARANCELLI

VII/VII



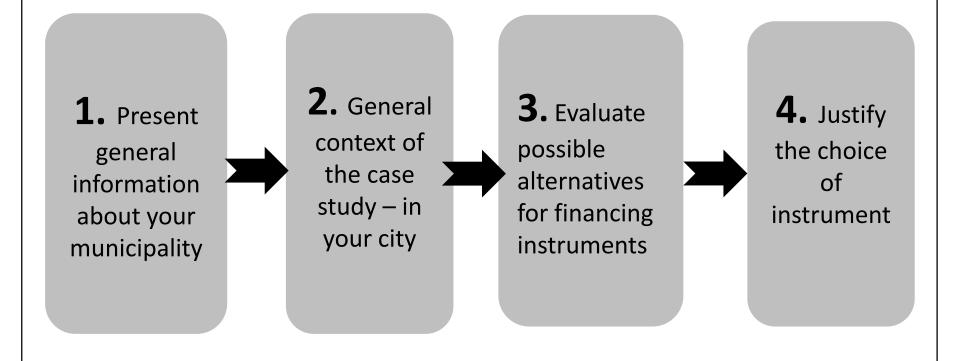


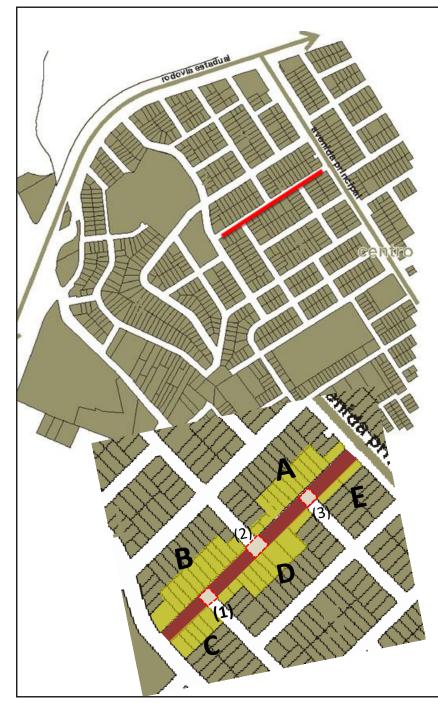
_prova do processo

2. URBAN SOLUTIONS LAB

CHALLENGE

Find critical area in your municipality and select instrument to be used to cope with problems





CALCULATION OF BETTERMENT CONTRIBUTION

Municipality: Happy City

Population: 500.000 inhab.

When the current management began, the mayor proposed the execution of a set of works, which were approved in public hearing, to qualify the space of the city. After the approval of the specific law of the set of works, the first completed work was the asphaltic paving of a section of track that allowed the integration of the western part of the city.

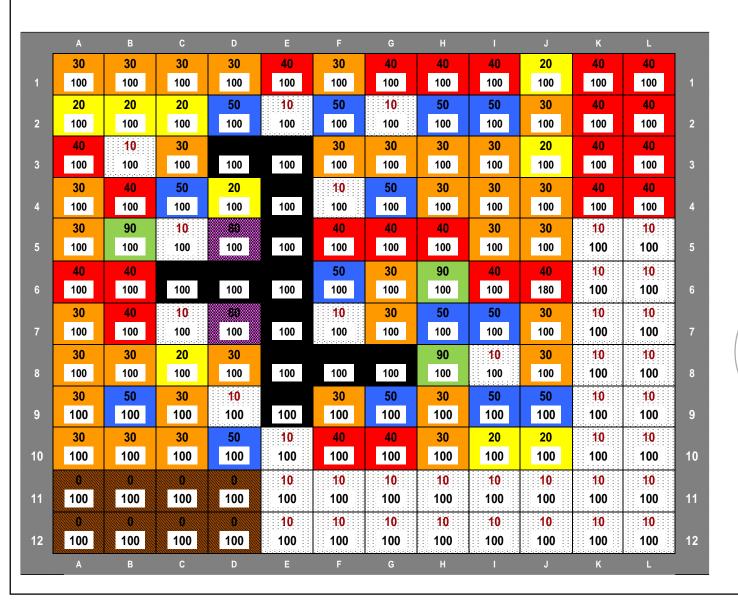
The municipality wants to use Betterment Contribution to recover the investments and to continue with the planned works.

Asphalt paving and walking on Street 3		
Total cost(CTO)	U\$288.000	
Extension	320 metros	
Street width	12m	
Total paved area	3.840 m2	





3. GIROS



TRADERS

RICH

MIDDLE CLASS

POORS

SPECULATORS

GOVERNMENT

NGOs

Only the transactions registered in the Official Board will be valid.







4. THE COURT

DEFENDANT

LAW OF PARTICIPATORY NEIGHBORHOOD

JUDGE

Directs and coordinates the progress of the jury

TEAM OF INDICTMENT

It formulates the accusations, highlighting the contradictions and emphasizing the fundamental arguments, contrary to the approval of the law

TEAM OF DEFENSE

It defends the law, highlighting the contradictions and emphasizing the fundamental arguments in favor to the approval of the law

JURIES TEAM

Listen to the whole process and then vote, absolving or condemning / rejecting the defendant, according to the arguments presented

PROCEDURES

OPENING PROSECUTION DEFENSE JURIES PROSECUTION DEFENSE

The judge starts the trial.
He presents the postulates

Identifies
opposing
arguments,
incorporating
the discussions
taken in the
course

Identifies
favorable
arguments,
incorporating
the discussions
taken in the
course

The team that is part of the jury will be able to ask questions for Defense and prosecution

Both of them will clarify the doubts of the juries and will contradict the postulates of the Defense / prosecution

5MIN.

15MIN.

15MIN.

30MIN.

20MIN.

VERDICT

VOTING













STUDENT FEEDBACK

POLÍTICA DE USO DO SOLO Instrumentos tributários e não tributários









Evaluation form

This form aims to evaluate the course "Policies and Instruments for financing urban development", held at the City Hall of Curitiba, on August 9, 16 and 17, 2018.

The course was sponsored by the Master Program in Urban Planning (PPU) and Housing and Urbanism Laboratory (LAHURB), both from Federal University of Paraná, in partnership with Curitiba City Council and Lincoln Institute of Land Policy.

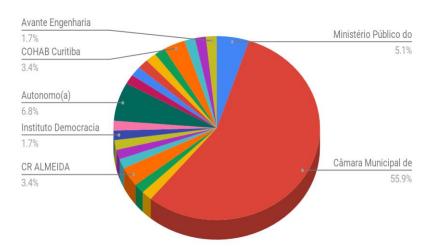
Completion of this form, until 31/08 (Friday), is a compulsory requirement for obtaining the certificate of participation in the course.

NEXT

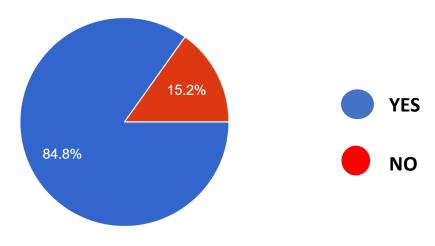
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Never submit passwords through Google Forms.

Participantes workplace



Has the course contributed to modify some practices in your professional work?



What was the most significant contribution of the course for you?

Aproximation between travelers and university

The game Giros

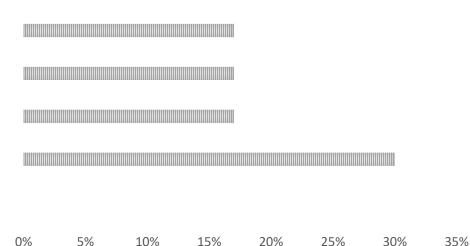
Understanding zoning

Everything in the course

Betterment Levy

Understanding relation between right property and right to build

Necessary concepts for the construction of legislation about the instruments



What was the most significant contribution of the course for you?

"The knowledge acquired through the lessons and the exchange of experience with other participants"

"The broadening of the understanding of the plurality of interests to be combined and reconciled within urban policy"

"The possibility of bringing contributions from scholars about urban policies into the Chamber of Councilors, linking the University with the Chamber"

"To know that a number of instruments are already available"

"All the points covered were of relevant importance, from the philosophical logic of construction of the legislation and its implementation, until the practical activity, very interesting."